

FA2022 Week 08

Reverse Engineering II

Richard



Announcements

- ACM clean up round 3
 - Now an official ACM social event!!
 - After this Sunday's meeting!!!
 - With pizza!!!!!!
- Sunday seminar: guest speaker Mingjia
 - Sensitive healthcare data & third party trackers



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CTF: *has an RE chal*
Me:



Table of Contents

- Tools/Techniques
 - Constraint solving
 - Symbolic Execution
 - Instruction Counting Side Channels
- Obfuscation
 - Self modifying code
 - VM obfuscation



Constraint solving



Constraint solving

- Solve complex systems of equations
- z3
 - python library for solving constraints
 - pip install z3-solver

```
if (input_arr[15] == 91.0) {  
  if (input_arr[18] == 91.0) {  
    if (input_arr[0] + input_arr[0] + 11.0 == input_arr[0] + 130.0) {  
      if (input_arr[23] + input_arr[23] + 6.0 == input_arr[23] + 127.0) {  
        if (input_arr[1] * 7.0 == input_arr[1] + 396.0) {  
          if (input_arr[22] == 104.0) {  
            if ((input_arr[2] + 2.0) * 3.0 - 2.0 == (input_arr[2] - 17.0) * 4.0) {  
              if (input_arr[21] == (input_arr[21] + input_arr[21]) - 44.0) {  
                if (input_arr[3] == 67.0) {  
                  if ((input_arr[20] * 3.0 - 2.0) * 3.0 - (input_arr[20] * 5.0 + 2.0) * 4.0  
                      == input_arr[20] * -8.0 - 146.0) {  
                    if ((input_arr[4] * 5.0 - 2.0) * 5.0 -  
                        (input_arr[4] + input_arr[4] + 7.0) * 6.0 ==  
                        input_arr[4] * 33.0 - 1132.0) {
```



z3 example

```
1 from z3 import *
2 ■
3 # define variables
4 x = Int('x')
5 y = Int('y')
6
7 # add constraints
8 s = Solver()
9 s.add(x + y == 12)
10 s.add(x < y)
11
12 print(s.check()) # prints "sat" if has solution
13
14 # print solution
15 m = s.model()
16 print(m[x])
17 print(m[y])
```

$$\begin{cases} x + y = 12 \\ x < y \end{cases}$$

(Note: this finds any of the possible solutions)



Symbolic Execution

- Solve for inputs
 - Generate constraints from program **automatically**

$x = ?$
 $y = x * 3$
 $z = y - x$

```
mov    r5, #3
mul    r2, r1, r5
sub    r3, r2, r1
cmp    r3, #4
beq    14 <success>
```

- Solve for x such that $z == 4$

Input

Constraint



Symbolic Execution Usages

- Reversing without reversing
 - Solve for input on stdin (flag) such that the flag checker prints “That flag is correct!”
- Automated PWN
 - Solve for input such that the instruction pointer is overwritten



Introducing Angr

- Angr can be used for automating CTF chals
- Install with `pip install angr`
- Template:
 - <https://gist.github.com/richyliu/33489063d02c0a2afe0d6de6ec8d3e07>



```
import angr
import claripy

# replace with challenge name
project = angr.Project('./chal')

# tweak length if necessary
flag_len = 40
flag_chars = [claripy.BVS('flag_char_%d' % i, 8) for i in range(flag_len)]
# VERY IMPORTANT: add newline terminator if necessary (i.e. scanf)
symbolic_flag = claripy.Concat(*flag_chars + [claripy.BVV(b'\n')])

# can also pass in to argv
argv = [project.filename]
# unicorn for faster solve
state = project.factory.full_init_state(args=argv, add_options=angr.options.unicorn, stdin=symbolic_flag)
```



```
for (i, flag_char) in enumerate(flag_chars):
    # tweak constraints if necessary
    char_constraint = claripy.And(flag_char >= ord('a'), flag_char <= ord('z'))
    char_constraint = claripy.Or(char_constraint, flag_char == ord('_'))
    # this is mostly likely needed
    char_constraint = claripy.Or(char_constraint, flag_char == 0x00)

    state.solver.add(char_constraint)

simgr = project.factory.simulation_manager(state)

print('exploring now...')
simgr.explore(
    # examples of correct and incorrect output
    find=lambda s: b'correct' in s.posix.dumps(1),
    avoid=lambda s: b'wrong' in s.posix.dumps(1))

# print flag once done
for found in simgr.found:
    print(found.solver.eval(symbolic_flag, cast_to=bytes))

print('done')
```



Side channels



Instruction Counting

- Given a flag as input, count how many instructions are executed
 - More instructions executed => flag is closer to being correct
 - Requires that program stops once part of the flag is incorrect
 - Order that flag is traversed

```
if (!strcmp(user_input, true_flag)) {  
    puts("Correct!");  
} else {  
    puts("Wrong flag");  
}
```



Instruction Counting

- Intel's Pin
 - <https://github.com/ChrisTheCoolHut/PinCTF>
- Can use valgrind's exp-bbv or callgrind tool
 - `valgrind --tool=exp-bbv ./a.out sigpwny{...}`
- aaaaaaa => 148862 instructions
- sigpwny => 148962 instructions

- Example of custom tool
 - <https://gist.github.com/richyliu/468b926819b135a58a6936998f6100ca>



Obfuscation



Self Modifying Code

- Code that modifies itself
- Use a debugger

```
start:
b8 3c 00 00 00
mov    eax,0x3c
b3 5b
mov    bl,0x5b
28 1d 05 00 00 00
sub    BYTE PTR [rip+0x5],bl
bf 00 00 00 00
mov    edi,0x0
6a 05
push  0x5
bf 02 00 00 00
mov    edi,0x2
0f 05
syscall
```

0x4000d4 <_start>	mov	eax, 0x3c	
0x4000d9 <_start+5>	mov	bl, 0x5b	
▶ 0x4000db <_start+7>	sub	byte ptr [rip + 5], bl	<0x4000e6>
↓			
0x4000db <_start+7>	sub	byte ptr [rip + 5], bl	<0x4000e6>
↓			
0x4000d4 <_start>	mov	eax, 0x3c	
0x4000d9 <_start+5>	mov	bl, 0x5b	
0x4000db <_start+7>	sub	byte ptr [rip + 5], bl	<0x4000e6>
▶ 0x4000e1 <_start+13>	mov	edi, 1	
0x4000e6 <_start+18>	syscall		
0x4000e8 <_start+20>	mov	edi, 2	
0x4000ed <_start+25>	syscall		

Normally, program code is not modifiable.
Compile with `gcc -nostdlib -static -Wl,--omagic assembly.S -o bin` to make text segment writable.



VM Obfuscation

- Virtual machine executing other program instructions
 - Reasoning: lack of tools for custom VM
 - VMProtect, ropfuscated, hell
- Understand mode of instruction execution, writing tools (disassemblers, decompilers)
 - Find patterns
 - Work your way up the "abstraction ladder"



Go try for yourself!

- <https://ctf.sigpwny.com>
- Link again for angr solver script
 - <https://gist.github.com/richyliu/33489063d02c0a2afe0d6de6ec8d3e07>
- `pip install angr`
- `pip install z3-solver`
- [Intel Pin](#) (see README in downloaded zip file)



Next Meetings

2022-10-23 - This Sunday

- Guest Speaker: Mingjia
- "All Eyes On Me: Inside Third Party Trackers' Exfiltration of PHI from Healthcare Providers' Online Systems"

2022-10-27 - Next Thursday

- Social event TBD

2022-10-30 - Next Sunday

- Halloween Party 🎃





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